

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/025,220	12/19/2001	Johan Urban Ingemar Ulin	12090-000001	5044	
30593 75	30593 7590 11/30/2005			EXAMINER	
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 8910 RESTON, VA 20195			NAGPAUL, JYOTI		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
RESTON, VA	20175		1743		

DATE MAILED: 11/30/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Commence	10/025,220	ULIN, JOHAN URBAN INGEMAR			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Jyoti Nagpaul	1743			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Section 1	eptember 2005.				
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) 22 and 23 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-6,8,9 and 11-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 7 and 10 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Amendment filed on September 16, 2005 has been acknowledged. Claims 1-23 are pending.

# Response to Amendment

Rejection of **Claims 1-6 and 15-21** as being unpatentable over Waters (US 4952498) in view of Zurcher (US 6001687) has been *maintained* in light of applicant's remarks.

Rejection of **Claims 8-9 and 11-14** as being unpatentable over Waters in view of Zurcher (US 6001687) as applied to claims 1-3,5-6 and 21 above, and further in view of Lautenschlager (US 5382414) has been *maintained* in light of applicant's remarks.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Application/Control Number: 10/025,220

**Art Unit: 1743** 

3. Claims 1-6 and 15-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Waters (US 4952498) in view of Zurcher (US 6001687).

Waters discloses a seal mechanism (58) for confining a chemical reaction in a reaction vessel (10) having an inner volume that is accessible through a penetrable diaphragm (30) covering an opening of the reaction vessel (10) and through which reagents are at least one of injected and extracted. The seal mechanism comprises a movable plunger (58) cooperating with diaphragm (30) (Col. 5, Lines 65-68 - Col. 6, Lines 1-2), plunger (58) being reversibly operable between a retracted position wherein the inner volume of the reaction vessel (10) is accessible through the diaphragm (30). (Col. 4, Lines 27-30) The plunger (58) is pivotally movable about an axis (C). The plunger is driven in a motion having a generally axial component and a generally radial component with respect to the axial direction of the vessel. The plunger is driven for a linear motion in axial direction of the vessel (10). (See Fig. 5) The apparatus includes a pressure detector (62) that is supported on the plunger (58). The pressure monitor (62) is connected with the plunger (58) and by which the plunger (58) is controlled to apply an external pressure on the diaphragm that is related to the detected internal pressure generated by the chemical reaction in the reaction vessel (10).

Waters fails to disclose a self-sealing diaphragm.

Zurcher discloses an assembly comprising a container, a reservoir and a cap. The assembly also comprises a self-sealing diaphragm/septum portion (72) made of natural rubber, resilient plastic or elastomeric material that is puncturable and self sealing material. (See Col. 3, Lines 3-5)

Application/Control Number: 10/025,220

**Art Unit: 1743** 

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in this art at the time of the invention by applicant to modify the system Waters to include such a self-sealing diaphragm in order to allow for introduction of evacuation of fluid from the reaction vessel without compromising the vessel seal and disrupting the reaction conditions.

4. Claims 8-9 and 11-14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Waters in view of Zurcher (US 6001687) as applied to claims 1-3,5-6 and 21 above, and further in view of Lautenschlager (US 5382414).

Refer above for the teachings of Water and Zurcher.

Water further discloses a dispenser/hypodermic needle capable of penetrating the diaphragm. Water further discloses visual or automatic monitoring of the inflated portion/diaphragm. (See abstract)

Water and Zurcher fail to teach one or more reaction vessels are successively movable to a position for microwave energy.

Lautenschlager teaches an apparatus for performing chemical and physical pressure reactions on sample by the action of microwaves. (See abstract) The apparatus includes a container insert in the form of a two-part receptacle comprising a closure element (20) within which removable sample container/reaction vessels (21) which receive a sample (22) are arranged in the pressure vessel (4.1). The closure element (20) is in the form of a length of tube and consists of microwave-permeable and high-pressure resistant material. (See Col. 4, Lines 46-56) The apparatus further includes a lower region in the vicinity of the bottom wall (6) and a coupling opening 12 is

Art Unit: 1743

formed in the cylinder wall (5) to which the waveguide (3) is connected. (See Col. 4, Lines 8-11)

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in this art at the time of the invention by applicant to provide the modified system of Waters and Zurcher a source of microwave energy as described in Lautenschaler such that the reaction vessels of Waters and Zurcher are successively movable to a position for microwave energy as disclosed in Lautenschlager in order to obtain optimal reaction conditions inside the reaction vessel.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 22 and 23 allowed.

Claims 7 and 10 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Prior art does not teach or fairly suggest a link mechanism which controls the pivoting motions and applied pressure of the plunger.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed on September 16, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the plunger being effective to counteract an outward deflection of the diaphragm caused by internal pressure in the vessel as recited by the claims, Waters does teach the plunger (58) is effective to counteract an outward deflection of the diaphragm (30) caused by an increase of internal pressure in the vessel (10).

Art Unit: 1743

(Col.5, Lines 65-68 –Col.6, Lines 1-2) The plunger of Waters is capable of counteracting an outward deflection of the diaphragm. An external pressure source must be applied to perform this function, which appears to be the same as the claimed plunger. Applicant is also reminded that because of the broad interpretation and broad limitation of Claim 1, Waters does meet the limitation of the plunger being effective to counteract an outward deflection of the diaphragm caused by an increase of internal pressure in the vessel.

### Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jyoti Nagpaul whose telephone number is 571-272-1273. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday (8:00-4:30).

Application/Control Number: 10/025,220

Art Unit: 1743

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JN

Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 1700

Page 7